# LEGISLATIVE SERVICES AGENCY OFFICE OF FISCAL AND MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS

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#### FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

**LS 6811 NOTE PREPARED:** Dec 28, 2002

BILL NUMBER: HB 2003 BILL AMENDED:

**SUBJECT:** Noncertificated Superintendents.

FIRST AUTHOR: Rep. Turner BILL STATUS: As Introduced

FIRST SPONSOR:

FUNDS AFFECTED: GENERAL IMPACT: Local

DEDICATED FEDERAL

<u>Summary of Legislation:</u> The bill provides that a superintendent of schools is not required to hold a teacher's or superintendent's license. The bill repeals a requirement that a county superintendent of schools must have five years of successful teaching experience and hold a license.

**Effective Date:** July 1, 2003.

### **Explanation of State Expenditures:**

#### **Explanation of State Revenues:**

Explanation of Local Expenditures: Under the bill, superintendents of school corporations would no longer be required to hold a teacher's or superintendent's license. If a non-licensed superintendent were hired, the hiring school corporation could pay more or less for the services of a non-licensed superintendent than for a licensed candidate (depending, for example, on the salary demands and experience of a non-licensed candidate). The impact to local expenditures is indeterminable dependent on local action taken by school corporations.

Background: Each contract entered into by a teacher and a school corporation must:

- (1) be in writing;
- (2) be signed by both parties; and
- (3) contain:
- (A) the beginning date of the school term as determined annually by the school corporation;
- (B) the number of days in the school term as determined annually by the school corporation;

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- (C) the total salary to be paid during the school year; and
- (D) the number of salary payments to be made during the school year.

Additionally, the contract may provide for the annual determination of the teacher's annual compensation by a local salary schedule, which schedule is considered a part of each contract. The salary schedule may be changed by the school corporation on or before May 1 of a year, with changes beginning the next school year. However, under current law, each teacher affected by the changes receives a printed copy of the changed schedule within 30 days after its adoption.

## **Explanation of Local Revenues:**

**State Agencies Affected:** 

Local Agencies Affected: School corporations.

**Information Sources:** 

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